

est 2005

FIELD GUIDE

to the Marine Mammals of the Philippines
2nd Edition

Compiled and edited by:

Lemnuel V. Aragones, Leo Jonathan Suarez, Bianca G. Espinos, and Gail E. Laule

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Institute of Environmental Science and Meteorology Bldg.
Velasquez St., National Science Complex
University of the Philippines
Diliman, Quezon City 1101, Philippines
+63 928 501 8226 | bgespinos@pmmsn.org | https://pmmsn.org

Illustrations by:

Uko Gorter

Layout by:

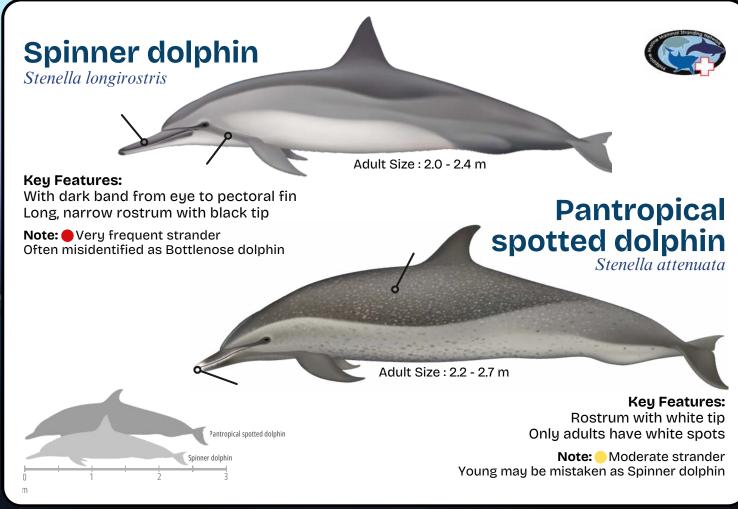
Marithe Keisha Anne Emata, Karl Lorraine D. Garcia, Justin G. Macapallag, Quenie Rochelle S. Olivar and Apple Kristine S. Amor

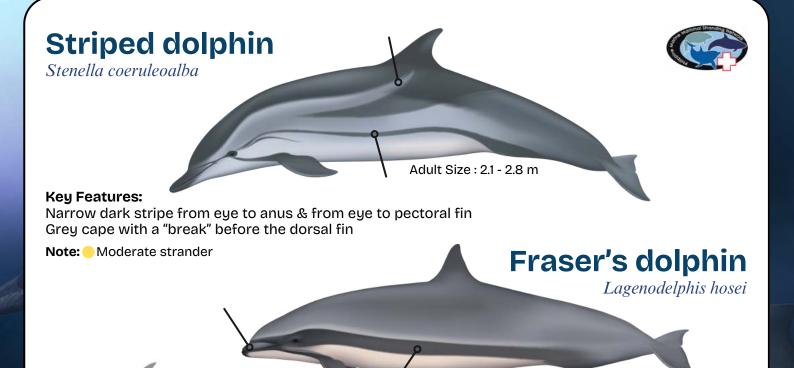
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Note: This field guide gives First Responders a quick reference in identifying standed whales and dolphins, and is a supplementary material to the PMMSN Marine Mammal Stranding Response Manual.





Striped dolphin

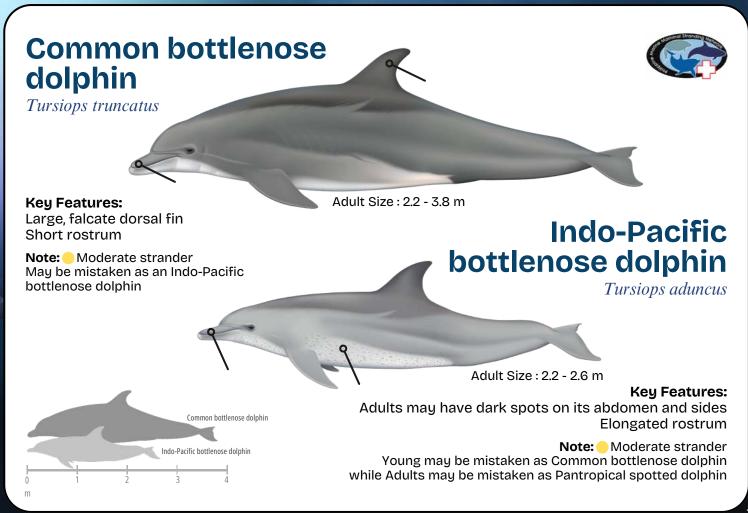
Fraser's dolphin

Key Features:

Broad dark stripe running from face to anus Very short but pronounced rostrum Small triangular dorsal fin

Adult Size: 2.4 - 2.7 m

Note: Frequent strander



Risso's dolphin

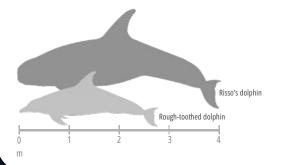
Grampus griseus





Extensive linear scars throughout body Young may have little or no scars Broad head with no rostrum Long pectoral and dorsal fins

Note: Frequent strander
Young may be mistaken for a
Pygmy killer whale or False killer whale



Rough-toothed dolphin

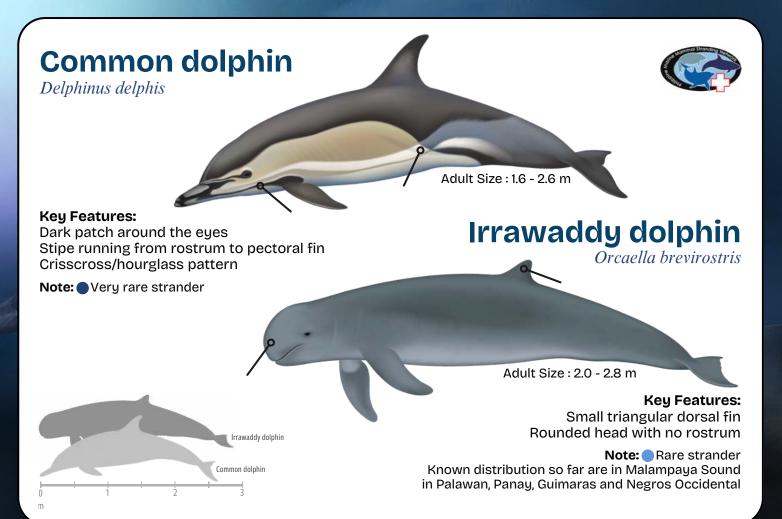


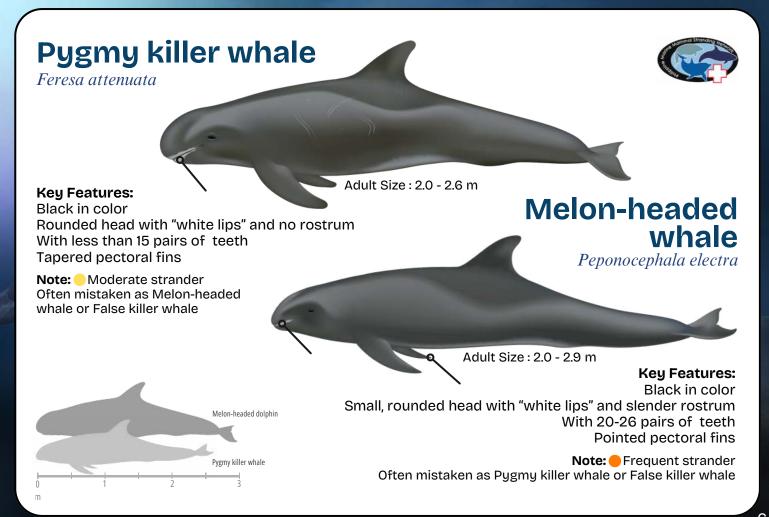
Adult Size: 3.0 - 4.0 m

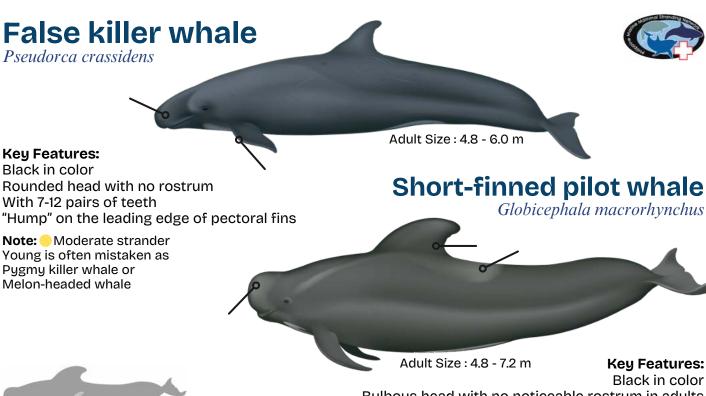
Key Features:

Long rostrum with with smooth slope (no crease)
Irregular white coloration on abdomen
Conical head

Note: Moderate strander







Short-finned pilot whale

False killer whale

Black in color Bulbous head with no noticeable rostrum in adults Broad base, sickle-shape dorsal fin Light grey "saddle-shaped" patch behind its dorsal fin Streak behind its eye

Note: • Frequent strander

Killer whale

Orcinus orca



Key Features:

Black and white color pattern
With distinct white oval patch behind the eyes
With whitish saddle patch
Males with very tall and erect dorsal fin

Giant sperm whale

Physeter macrocephalus

Note: Very rare strander

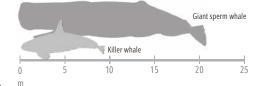


Adult Size: 7.0 - 9.0 m

Key Features:

Large blunt and squarish head with long and slender lower jaw Short, wide, paddle-shaped pectoral fin Small hump-like dorsal fin

Note: Frequent strander



Pygmy sperm whale Kogia breviceps



Key Features:

Blunt snout with small mouth
With false gill between eye and pectoral fin
Small, falcate dorsal fin located towards the tail
With 12-16 pairs of sharp and translucent teeth
Releases reddish, brown fluid from anus when stressed

Note: Moderate strander Often mistaken as Dwarf sperm whale

Dwarf sperm whale

Adult Size: 2.0 - 3.5 m

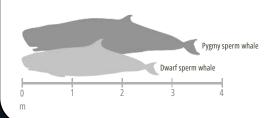
Kogia sima

Adult Size : 2.0 - 2.7 m

Key Features:

Blunt snout with a small mouth
With false gill between eye and pectoral fin
Tall falcate dorsal fin located in the middle section
With short, longitudinal grooves on the throat
With 3 (upper jaw) and 7-13 (lower jaw) pairs of white teeth
Releases reddish, brown fluid from anus when stressed

Note: • Frequent strander



Blainville's beaked whale



Mesoplodon densirostris



Key Features:

Distinct rostrum in adults males (bulging jaw line) Flattened head in front of blowhole

Linear, oval, and punctate body scarring

Note: Moderate strander
May be mistaken as Ginkgo-toothed whale

Cuvier's beaked whale

Ziphius cavirostris

Adult Size: 5.0 - 7.0m

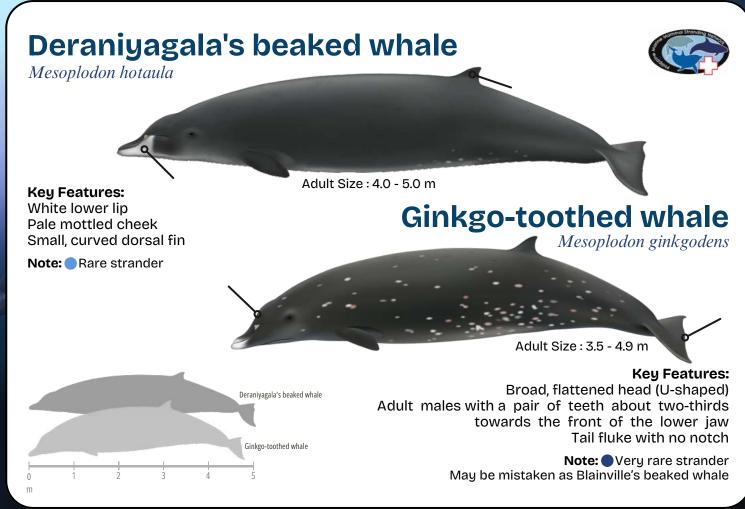
Cuvier's beaked whale Blainville's beaked whale

Rostrum with goose-like profile (no distinct beak) With a pair of conical teeth at the end of lower jaw in adult males

Small and falcate dorsal fin

Note: Moderate strander

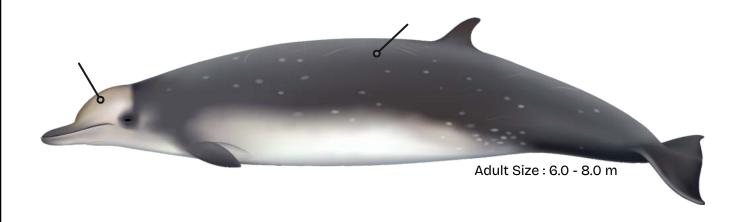
Key Features:

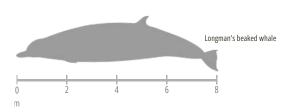


Longman's beaked whale

Indopacetus pacificus



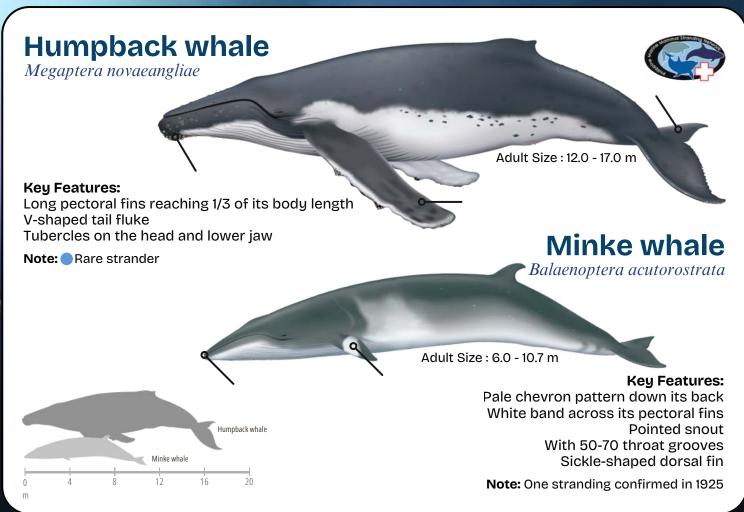


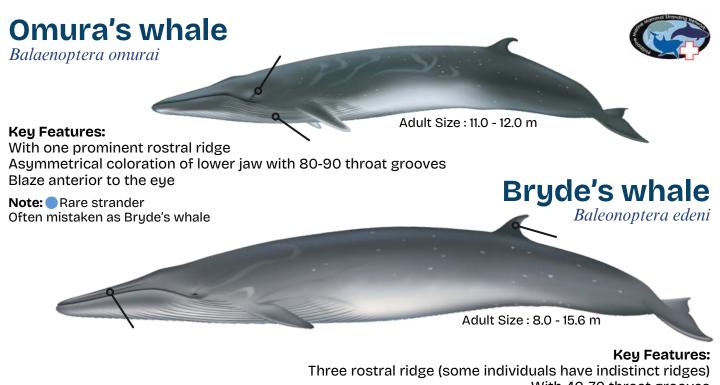


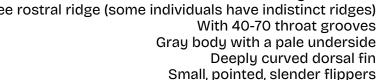
Key Features: Pronounced melon

Dark brown in color with small white spots With a pair of small teeth at the tip of lower jaw

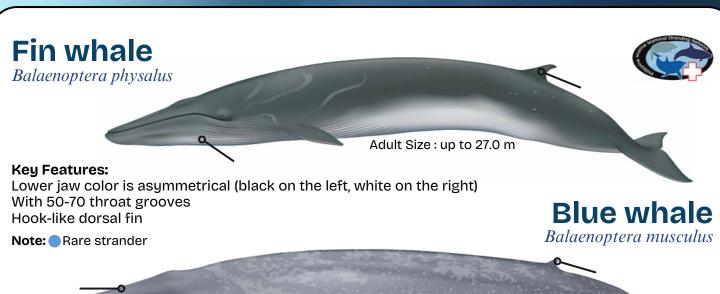
Note: Rare strander
Only 10 known specimens worldwide







Note: Moderate strander





Broad, flattened, U-shaped head
With pronounced rain splash guard in front of blowhole
Has 55-88 throat grooves
Small, stub-like dorsal fin

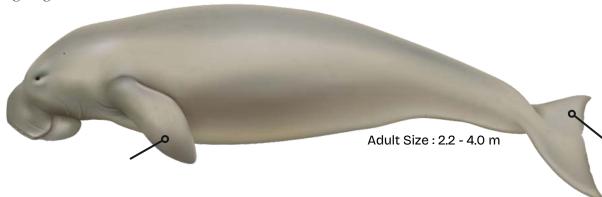
Note: No stranding record Largest animal on earth!

Other Marine Mammals That Strand in the Philippines



Dugong





Dugong

Key Features: Large, fusiform body No dorsal fin Brownish to dark gray skin, sparsely covered with hair With paddle-like pectoral fins Fluked tail similar to dolphins

Note: • Frequent strander

Photodocumentation Guidelines



Photos are extremely important in documentation and necessary for species identification.

Follow these guidelines when taking photos, but exercise care when handling live stranders:

- Take a photo of the whole body length of the animal, from head to tail.
- Take the photo as level as possible to its side (lateral).
- For live stranders of small size individuals, gently lift the body slightly above the water surface or gently tilt the body to expose the side, but be careful to protect the eyes and blowhole.
- To give an impression of size, place a familiar object next to the body, ie. a meter stick or person.





Include other photos taken from the following perspectives:



- Close-up, side view of the head from the mouth or rostrum to the eyes.
- Front, top view of the animal from head to tail.
- Back, top view of the animal from tail to head.
- For carcass only, and if manageable, the underside (ventral) of the animal.



For **help with identification**, send photos to:

- · Lemnuel Aragones, PhD
 - (laragones@iesm.upd.edu.ph)
 - o (+63) 928-5018226
- Bianca Espinos
 - bgespinos@pmmsn.org





For documentation purposes, submit photos together with the **Stranding Report Form** to your **regional DA-BFAR office** and to the moderator of the PMMSN database, **Lemnuel Aragones**, **PhD** (laragones@iesm.upd.edu.ph).



PMMSN is the official marine mammal stranding response network in the Philippines. Report stranding events to the following contact details for advice and assistance.

PMMSN Hotline

Email: laragones@iesm.upd.edu.ph Contact No: +63 928 501 8226

DA-BFAR

Fisheries Resources Management Division

Email: Contact Number: frmd@bfar.da.gov.ph (02) 8539 5671 bfar_frmd@yahoo.com (+63) 920 982 4635

Please note that Regional DA-BFAR Offices may have different contact information.

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